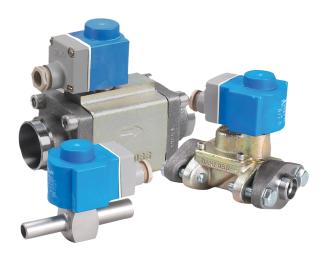
ENGINEERING TOMORROW



Data Sheet

Electric expansion valves Types **AKVA 10**, **AKVA 15** and **AKVA 20**

Designed for ammonia refrigerating plant



AKVA are electric expansion valves designed for ammonia refrigerating plant.

The AKVA valves are normally controlled by a controller from Danfoss' range of ADAP-KOOL® controllers.

The AKVA valves are supplied as a component programme, as follows:

- · Separate valve
- Separate coil with terminal box or cable
- Spare parts in the form upper part, orifice and filter

The individual capacities are indicated with a number forming part of the type designation. The number represents the size of the orifice of the valve in question.

A valve with orifice 3 will for example be designated AKVA 10-3.

The orifice assembly is replaceable.

Features

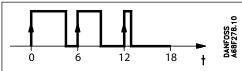
- The valve requires no adjustment
- Wide regulation range
- Replaceable orifice assembly
- Wide range of coils for d.c. and a.c.
- Quick reaction in whole range of stated capacity.
- In some applications AKVA can be used both as expansion valve and solenoid valve.
- Classification: DNV, CRN, BV, EAC etc. To get an updated list of certification on the products please contact your local Danfoss Sales Company.



Function

The valve capacity is regulated by means of pulse-width modulation. Within a period of six seconds a voltage signal from the controller will be transmitted to and removed from the valve coil. This makes the valve open and close for the flow of refrigerant.

Figure 1: Function



The relation between this opening and closing time indicates the actual capacity. If there is an intense need for refrigeration, the valve will remain open for almost all six seconds of the period. If the required amount of refrigeration is modest, the valve will only stay open during a fraction of the period. The amount of refrigeration needed is determined by the controller. When no refrigeration is required, the valve will remain closed. In some applications, AKVA can advantage-ously be used both as expansion valve and solenoid valve. See Applications



Media

Refrigerants

For HCFC, HFC, R717 (Ammonia) and R744 (CO₂)

New refrigerants

Danfoss products are continually evaluated for use with new refrigerants depending on market requirements.

When a refrigerant is approved for use by Danfoss, it is added to the relevant portfolio, and the R number of the refrigerant (e.g. R513A) will be added to the technical data of the code number. Therefore, products for specific refrigerants are best checked at store.danfoss.com/en/, or by contacting your local Danfoss representative.



Applications

Recommendations

It is important to realize when AKVA is operating, that the valve always is fully open or fully closed. That means that this way of operation should always be considered during the refrigeration design. (Piping, liquid velocity, sub cooling etc.)

Danfoss have the following recommendations/quidelines to be taken into considerations:

- In 1:1 applications (1 evaporator, 1 condenser and 1 compressor) chillers with a small amount of refrigerant or installed in front of a Plate Heat Exchangers, it must be observed that every time the AKVA is fully open or closed it will have a significant impact on the hole system. (e.g. pressure variations on suction side). Please observe that the performance of such a system is not only related to one component. (e.g. AKVA) Other factors which is very important to include in the overall refrigeration system design:
 - Liquid distribution at and design of evaporator
 - · total evaporator coil is of adequate length thus superheat can be controlled within the entered period time (normal 6 sec. or 3 sec.)
 - mounting principle of temperature sensor, to ensure a steady and fast signal can be detected by the electronic system.
- If pressure dependent valves like, ICS with pilots like CVP e.t.c., is installed between evaporator and compressor, it can effect the lifetime of ICS, because the piston of the ICS will operate together with operation of AKVA. Type of refrigerant and evaporator has a big influende of the size of pulsations after the evaporator and in front of the ICS.
- · AKVA is a direct pressure independent valve. That means that if non-Danfoss electronic controllers is used, intelligent and fast optimal control is needed, because the quick pressure changes only can be detected and compensated via the electronic control system.
- Liquid lines must be designed according to AKVA capacity and not evaporator capacity.
- To avoid flash-gas ensure sufficient sub-cooling or design liquid lines thus to big pressure drop is avoided, when AKVA is open. If not sufficient subcooling is not obtained (normally 4K) it will have an impact on the lifetime of the
- Where the demand for safety level is extremely high, (e.g. Liquid Level Control in a pump seperator) an extra valve can be installed in front of AKVA to avoid leakage. This valve must be Danfoss type EVRAT.
- Always install a 100 µm filter in front of AKVA 15 and AKVA 20 valves.
- If AKVA has to be used in chillers. Please contact Danfoss.



Product specification

Design

Figure 2: AKVA 10

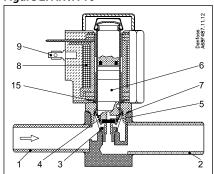


Figure 3: AKVA 15

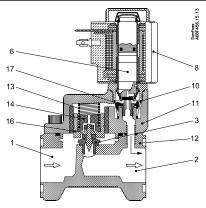
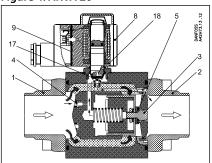


Figure 4: AKVA 20



| 1. | Inlet | 7. | Aluminium gasket | 13. | Spring |
|----|------------|-----|------------------|-----|------------------|
| 2. | Outlet | 8. | Coil | 14. | Orifice assembly |
| 3. | Orifice | 9. | DIN plug | 15. | O-ring |
| 4. | Filter | 10. | Filter | 16. | Piston assembly |
| 5. | Valve seat | 11. | Cover | 17. | Pilot orifice |
| 6. | Armature | 12. | Valve body | 18. | Pilot valve |

The AKVA 10 valves covers a capacity range from 4 kW to 100 kW (R 717) and are divided into 8 capacity ranges. The AKVA 10 valve bodies are made in stainless steel and have weld connections..

The AKVA 15 valves covers a capacity range from 125 kW to 500 kW (R 717) and are divided into 4 capacity ranges. The AKVA 15 valves have flange connections.

The AKVA 20 valves cover a capacity range from 500 kW to 3150 kW (R 717) and are divided into 5 capacity ranges. The AKVA 20 valve has weld connections.

The AKVA valves can be used for:

- Flooded evaporation (high/low pressure)
- Pump separators
- Direct expansion. See Applications.

If AKVA has to be used in chillers please contact Danfoss.

Table 1: Technical data

| Valve type | AKVA 10 | AKVA 15 | AKVA 20 |
|--|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Tolerance of coil voltage | +10 / -15% | +10 / -15% | +10 / -15% |
| Enclosure to IEC 529 | Max. IP 67 | Max. IP 67 | Max. IP 67 |
| Working principle (Pulse-width modulation) | PWM | PWM | PWM |
| Recommend period of time | 6 seconds | 6 seconds | 6 seconds |
| Capacity (R717) | 4 to 100 kW | 125 to 500 kW | 500 to 3150 kW |
| Regulation range | 10 - 100% | 10 - 100% | 10 - 100% |
| Connection | Weld | Weld | Weld |
| Media temperature | - 50 to 60 °C | - 40 to 60 °C | - 40 to 60 °C |
| Ambient temperature | - 50 to 50 °C | - 40 to 50 °C | - 40 to 50 °C |
| Leak of valve seat | < 0.02% of kv-value | < 0.02% of kv-value | < 0.02% of kv-value |
| MOPD | 18 bar | 22 bar | 18 bar |
| Filter | Internal 100 µm replaceable | external 100 μm | external 100 μm |
| Max. working pressure | PS = 42 bar | PS = 42 bar | PS = 42 bar |



Capacity

Range: - 40 °C to 10 °C

Table 2: R717

| Walan tama | | Capacity in kW at pressure drop across valve Δp bar | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|------|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Valve type | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | | | | | |
| AKVA 10 - 1 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 5 | 5.2 | | | | | |
| AKVA 10 - 2 | 3.5 | 4.9 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 7 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 8.3 | | | | | |
| AKVA 10 - 3 | 5.6 | 7.7 | 9.1 | 10.2 | 11.1 | 11.9 | 12.5 | 13.1 | | | | | |
| AKVA 10 - 4 | 9.1 | 12.4 | 14.7 | 16.5 | 17.9 | 19.2 | 20.2 | 21.1 | | | | | |
| AKVA 10 - 5 | 14.2 | 19.4 | 22.9 | 25.7 | 28 | 29.9 | 31.6 | 33 | | | | | |
| AKVA 10 - 6 | 23 | 31.2 | 36.4 | 41.4 | 45 | 48.1 | 50.7 | 53.1 | | | | | |
| AKVA 10 - 7 | 36.6 | 49.3 | 58.1 | 65 | 70.6 | 75.3 | 79.4 | 83 | | | | | |
| AKVA 10 - 8 | 59.1 | 78.9 | 93.5 | 104 | 112 | 120 | 126 | 131 | | | | | |
| AKVA 15 - 1 | | 95.7 | 113 | 127 | 138 | 148 | 156 | 163 | | | | | |
| AKVA 15 - 2 | | 153 | 181 | 203 | 221 | 236 | 250 | 261 | | | | | |
| AKVA 15 - 3 | | 231 | 274 | 308 | 335 | 358 | 377 | 395 | | | | | |
| AKVA 15 - 4 | | 383 | 455 | 510 | 555 | 593 | 625 | 655 | | | | | |
| AKVA 20 - 1 | | 383 | 455 | 510 | 555 | 593 | 625 | 655 | | | | | |
| AKVA 20 - 2 | | 612 | 726 | 814 | 886 | 947 | 999 | 1045 | | | | | |
| AKVA 20 - 3 | | 959 | 1137 | 1275 | 1388 | 1482 | 1564 | 1635 | | | | | |
| AKVA 20 - 4 | | 1552 | 1836 | 2057 | 2239 | 2391 | 2523 | 2639 | | | | | |
| AKVA 20 - 5 | | 2479 | 2921 | 3267 | 3550 | 3789 | 3994 | 4174 | | | | | |

Correction for subcooling

The liquid injected capacity must be corrected, if the subcooling deviates from 4 K. Use the actual correction factor indicated in the table. Multiply the liquid injected capacity by the correction factor to obtain the corrected capacity.

Table 3: Correction factors for subcooling Δt_{sub}

| Correction factor | 2K | 4K | 10K | 15K | 20K | 25K | 30K | 35K | 40K | 45K | 50K |
|-------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| R717 | 1.01 | 1.00 | 0.98 | 0.96 | 0.94 | 0.92 | 0.91 | 0.89 | 0.87 | 0.86 | 0.85 |

Dimensioning

To obtain an expansion valve that will function correctly under different load conditions it is necessary to consider the following points when the valve has to be dimensioned.

These points must be dealt with in the following sequence:

- 1. Evaporator capacity
- 2. Pressure drop across the valve
- 3. Correction for subcooling
- 4. Correction for evaporating temperature
- 5. Determination of valve size
- 6. Correctly dimensioned liquid line

Example for a direct expansion system

Evaporator capacity

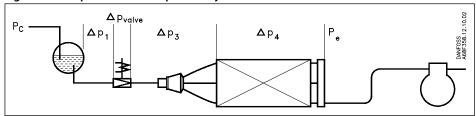
The evaporator capacity is found in the specifications from the evaporator supplier.

Pressure drop across the valve

The pressure drop across the valve directly determines the capacity and must therefore be considered. The pressure drop across the valve is normally calculated as the condensing pressure minus the evaporating pressure and other pressure drops in the liquid line, distributor, evaporator, etc. It is indicated in the following formula: $\Delta pvalve = pc (pe + \Delta p1 + \Delta p3 + \Delta p4)$



Figure 5: Example of a direct expansion system



| Δp_{valve} | pressure drop across the valve | Δp ₁ | pressure drop across the liquid line |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| p _c | condensing pressure | Δp_3 | pressure drop across the distributor system |
| p _e | evaporating pressure | Δp ₄ | pressure drop across the evaporator |

• NOTE:

The pressure drop across the liquid line and the distributor system must be calculated on the basis of the valve's max. capacity, as the valve operates with pulse-width modulation.

Example of calculation of pressure drop across a valve:

- Refrigerant: R 717
- Condensing temperature: $35 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ (p_c = 13.5 bar)
- Evaporating temperature: -20 °C (p = 1.9 bar)
- $\Delta p_1 = 0.2 \text{ bar}$
- $\Delta p_3 = 0.8 \text{ bar}$
- $\Delta p_A = 0.1$ bar

This will give you the following equation:

$$\Delta p_{valve} = pc - (pe + \Delta p1 + \Delta p3 + \Delta p4)$$

$$= 13.5 - (1.9 + 0.2 + 0.8 + 0.1)$$

= 10.5 bar

The found value for "pressure drop across the valve" is used later in the section "Determination of valve size".

Correction for subcooling

The evaporator capacity used must be corrected, if the subcooling deviates from 4 K. Use the actual correction factor indicated in the table. Multiply the evaporator capacity by the correction factor to obtain the corrected capacity.

Table 4: Correction factors for subcooling Δt_{sub}

| Correction factor | 2K | 4K | 10K | 15K | 20K | 25K | 30K | 35K | 40K | 45K | 50K |
|-------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| R717 | 1.01 | 1.00 | 0.98 | 0.96 | 0.94 | 0.92 | 0.91 | 0.89 | 0.87 | 0.86 | 0.85 |

Corrected capacity = evaporator capacity x correction factor.

The corrected capacity is used in the section "Determination of valve size".

• NOTE:

Too little subcooling may cause flash gas.

Example of correction:

Refrigerant: R 717

Evaporator capacity Q_a: 300 kW

Subcooling: 10 K

Correction factor according to the table = 0.98Corrected evaporator capacity = $300 \times 0.98 = 294$ kW

Correction for evaporating temperature (t_o)

To obtain a correctly dimensioned valve it is important that the application is considered. Depending on the application, the valve should have an overcapacity enabling it to cope with the extra amount of refrigeration needed during certain periods, e.g. during the defrost recovery process. The valve's opening degree should therefore be between 50 and 75% when regulating. In this way it is ensured that the valve has a sufficiently wide



regulation range, so that it can manage changed loads at or near the normal working point. Correction factors based on the evaporating temperature are indicated below:

Table 5: Correction factors for evaporating temperature (t_a)

| Evaporating temperature t_e $^{\circ}$ C | 5 | 0 | -10 | -15 | -20 | -30 | -40 |
|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| AKVA 10, AKVA 15, AKVA 20 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 |

Correctly dimensioned liquid line

To obtain a correct supply of liquid to the AKVA valve, the liquid line to the individual AKVA valve must be correctly dimensioned. The liquid flow rate must not exceed 1 m/sec at a fully open valve.

This must be observed on account of the pressure drop in the liquid line (lack of subcooling) and pulsations in the liquid line. Dimensioning of the liquid line must be based on the capacity of the valve at the pressure drop with which it is operating (cf. capacity table), and not on the evaporator's capacity, see figures below

Figure 6: AKVA-10

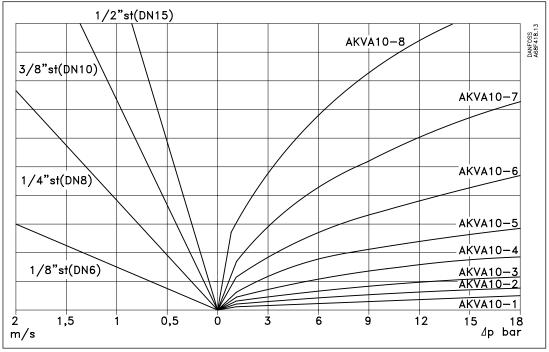




Figure 7: AKVA-15

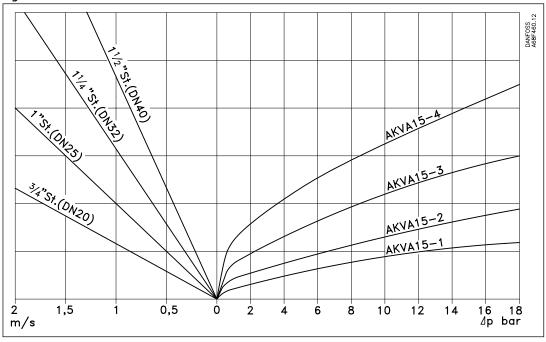
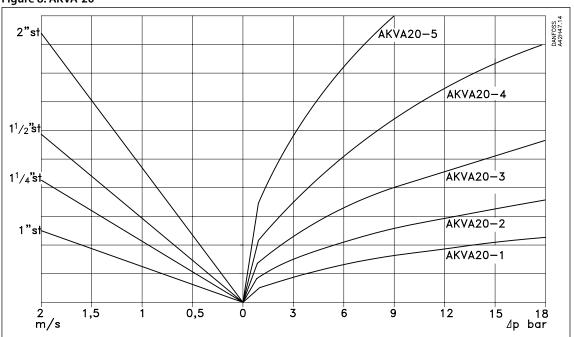


Figure 8: AKVA-20





Dimension and weight

Figure 9: Dimension

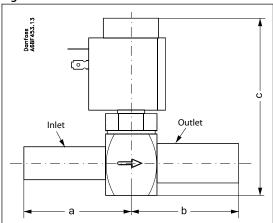
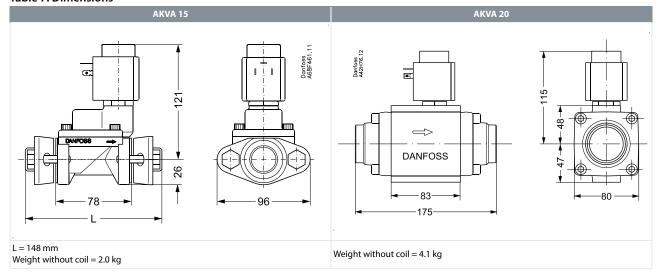


Table 6: AKVA 10

| | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | _ | Conn | Weight without | | | |
|------------|---------|---------------------------------------|----|----|-------|----------------|------|------|--|
| Valve type | | A | P | | Inlet | Outlet | coil | | |
| | | | mm | mm | mm | in. | in. | kg | |
| | AKVA 10 | 1 – 6 | 60 | 60 | 113 | 3/8 | 1/2 | 0.35 | |
| | AKVA 10 | 7 – 8 | 60 | 60 | 113 | 1/2 | 3/4 | 0.35 | |

Table 7: Dimensions



Determination of valve size

When the valve size meeting the required capacity is selected it is important to note that the capacity indications are the valve's rated capacity, i.e. when the valve is 100% open. In this section we tell you how the valve's size is determined.

There are three factors that have an influence on the choice of the valve:

- the pressure drop across the valve
- the corrected capacity (correction for subcooling)
- the corrected capacity for evaporating temperature

The three factors have been described earlier in this section on dimensioning.

When these three factors have been established, the selection of the valve can be made:

- First you multiply the "corrected capacity" by a value stated in the table.
- Use the new value in the capacity table in combination with the pressure drop value.
- Now select the valve size.



Example of selection of valve

Use as starting point the two earlier mentioned examples, where the following two values have been obtained: Δ pvalve = 10.5 bar

 $Q_{e \text{ corrected}} = 294 \text{ kW}$

From "Table 5: Correction factors for evaporating temperature (t_e)", factor 1.2 is given for the evaporating temperature -20 °C.

The dimensioned capacity will then be: $1.2 \times 294 \text{ kW} = 353 \text{ kW}$.

Now select a valve size from table 8 "Rated Capacity".

With the given values $\Delta p_{valve} = 10.5$ bar and a capacity of 353 kW, AKVA 15 - 4 is selected.

This valve will have a capacity of approx. 555 kW.



Ordering

Rated capacity and ordering

Figure 10: Ordering

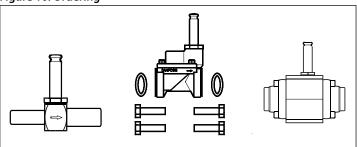


Table 8: Rated capacity

| Valve type | Rated capacity ⁽¹⁾ | | kv-value | Connections Inlet x outlet | Code no. | Connections Inlet x outlet | Code no. |
|------------|-------------------------------|------|----------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| | kW | tons | m³/h | in. | | in. | |
| AKVA 10-1 | 4 | 1.1 | 0.01 | 3/8 × 1/2 | 068F3261 | 1/2 × 3/4 | 068F3281 |
| AKVA 10-2 | 6.3 | 1.8 | 0.015 | 3/8 × 1/2 | 068F3262 | $1/2 \times 3/4$ | 068F3282 |
| AKVA 10-3 | 10 | 2.8 | 0.022 | 3/8 × 1/2 | 068F3263 | 1/2 × 3/4 | 068F3283 |
| AKVA 10-4 | 16 | 4.5 | 0.038 | 3/8 × 1/2 | 068F3264 | $1/2 \times 3/4$ | 068F3284 |
| AKVA 10-5 | 25 | 7.1 | 0.055 | $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{1}{2}$ | 068F3265 | $1/2 \times 3/4$ | 068F3285 |
| AKVA 10-6 | 40 | 11.4 | 0.103 | $3/8 \times 1/2$ | 068F3266 | $1/2 \times 3/4$ | 068F3286 |
| AKVA 10-7 | 63 | 17.9 | 0.162 | | | $1/2 \times 3/4$ | 068F3267 |
| AKVA 10-8 | 100 | 28.4 | 0.251 | | | $1/2 \times 3/4$ | 068F3268 |
| AKVA 15-1 | 125 | 35 | 0.25 | Flange | 068F5020 ⁽²⁾ | | |
| AKVA 15-2 | 200 | 60 | 0.4 | Flange | 068F5023 ⁽²⁾ | | |
| AKVA 15-3 | 300 | 90 | 0.63 | Flange | 068F5026 ⁽²⁾ | | |
| AKVA 15-4 | 500 | 140 | 1 | Flange | 068F5029 ⁽²⁾ | | |
| AKVA 20-1 | 500 | 140 | 1 | 1 ½ × 1 ¼ | 042H2101 | | |
| AKVA 20-2 | 800 | 240 | 1.6 | 1 ½ × 1 ½ | 042H2102 | | |
| AKVA 20-3 | 1250 | 350 | 2.5 | 1 ½ × 1 ½ | 042H2103 | | |
| AKVA 20-4 | 2000 | 600 | 4 | 1 ½ × 1 ½ | 042H2104 | | |
| AKVA 20-5 | 3150 | 900 | 6.3 | 2×2 | 042H2105 | | |

⁽¹⁾ Rated capacities are based on Condensing temperature $t_c = 32 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ Liquid temperature t_i = 28 °C Evaporating temperature $t_e = 5$ °C

Figure 11: Flange

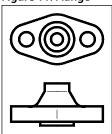


Table 9: Flange set for AKVA 15

| Valve type | Connection (in.) | Code no. |
|----------------|------------------|----------|
| AKVA 15-1 to 4 | 3/4 | 027N1220 |
| ARVA 15-1 to 4 | 1 | 027N1225 |

⁽²⁾ Incl. bolts and gaskets but without flanges



Accessories

Strainer

On plants with ammonia and similar industrial plant a strainer must be mounted in front of AKVA 15 and AKVA 20. AKVA 10 has built-in strainer and external strainer is not necessary.

Figure 12: Strainer

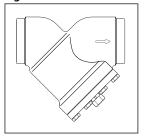
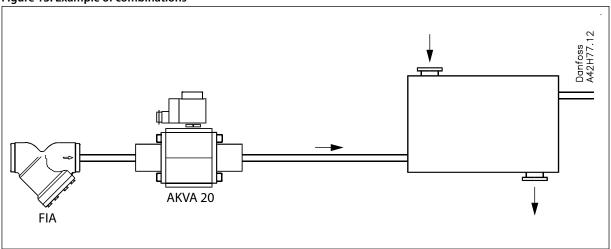


Table 10: Recommended strainer for AKVA 15 / 20

| Strainer type | Code no. | | | | |
|---------------|----------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Stramer type | House | Strainer insert 100 mm | | | |
| FIA 20 D STR | 148B5343 | 148H3122 | | | |
| FIA 25 D STR | 148B5443 | | | | |
| FIA 32 D STR | 148B5544 | 148H3123 | | | |
| FIA 40 D STR | 148B5625 | | | | |
| FIA 50 D STR | 148B5713 | 148H3157 | | | |

For further information: see Danfoss catalogue Al222586432958

Figure 13: Example of combinations



Spare parts

AKVA 10

Figure 14: Orifice





Table 11: Orifice

| Туре | Code no. | Contents |
|-----------|----------|--|
| AKVA 10-1 | 068F0526 | |
| AKVA 10-2 | 068F0527 | |
| AKVA 10-3 | 068F0528 | |
| AKVA 10-4 | 068F0529 | 1 pcs. orifice 1 pcs. Al. gasket 1 pcs. cap for coil |
| AKVA 10-5 | 068F0530 | 1 pcs. an gasket |
| AKVA 10-6 | 068F0531 | |
| AKVA 10-7 | 068F0532 | |
| AKVA 10-8 | 068F0533 | |

Figure 15: Filter

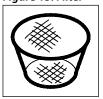


Table 12: Filter

| Code no. | Contents |
|----------|--|
| 068F0540 | 10 pcs. filters 10 pcs. Al. gaskets |

Figure 16: Upper part

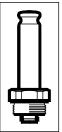


Table 13: Upper part

| Code no. | Contents |
|----------|--|
| 068F5045 | 1 pcs. armature 1 pcs. armature tube 1 pcs. Al. gasket |

AKVA 15

Figure 17: Piston



Table 14: Piston

| Туре | Code no. | Contents |
|-----------|----------|------------------------|
| AKVA 15-1 | 068F5265 | 1 pcs. piston assembly |
| AKVA 15-2 | 068F5266 | 1 pcs. gasket |
| AKVA 15-3 | 068F5267 | 1 pcs. O-ring |
| AKVA 15-4 | 068F5268 | 2 pcs. labels |

Table 15: Piston

| Туре | Code no. | Contents | |
|------------|----------|---------------------|--|
| Gasket set | 068F5264 | Complete gasket set | |



Figure 18: Orifice set

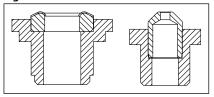


Table 16: Orifice set

| Code no. | Contents |
|----------|--|
| 068F5261 | Main orifice Pilot orifice Al gaskets O-rings Gasket |

Figure 19: Upper part



Table 17: Upper part

| Code no. | Contents |
|----------|--|
| 068F5045 | 1 pcs. armature 1 pcs. armature tube 1 pcs. Al. gasket |

Figure 20: Filter

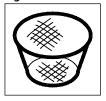


Table 18: Filter

| Code no. | Contents |
|----------|--|
| 068F0540 | 10 pcs. filters 10 pcs. Al. gaskets |

AKVA 20

Figure 21: Piston



Table 19: Piston

| Code no. | Contents |
|----------|--|
| 042H2039 | |
| 042H2040 | |
| 042H2041 | 1 pcs. piston assembly |
| 042H2042 | 1 pcs. piston assembly 3 pcs. O-rings |
| 042H2043 | |
| 042H2044 | |
| | 042H2039 042H2040 042H2041 042H2042 042H2043 |



Figure 22: Orifice set

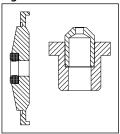


Table 20: Orifice set

| Туре | Code no. | Contents |
|-------------|----------|--|
| AKVA 20-0.6 | 068F5270 | Main orifice, dia. 8 mm |
| AKVA 20-1 | 068F5270 | Pilot orifice, dia. 1.8 mm |
| AKVA 20-2 | 068F5270 | 2 pcs. Al. gaskets |
| AKVA 20-3 | 068F5270 | O-ring |
| AKVA 20-4 | 068F5271 | Main orifice, dia. 14 mm |
| AKVA 20-5 | 068F5271 | Pilot orifice, dia. 2.4 mm 2 pcs. Al. gaskets O-ring |

Table 21: Gasket set

| Туре | Code no. | Contents |
|------------|----------|--|
| Gasket set | 042H0160 | Complete gasket set for new and old valves |

Figure 23: Upper part

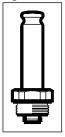


Table 22: Upper part

| Code no. | Contents |
|----------|--|
| 068F5045 | 1 pcs. armature 1 pcs. armature tube 1 pcs. Al. gasket |

Coils for AKVA valves

Table 23: Coils for AKVA valves

| | | AKVA | AKVA | AKVA | AKVA | AKVA | AKVA |
|---|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| | | 10-1 | 10-6 | 10-7 | 15-1 | 20-1 | 20-4 |
| D.C. coils | Code no. | 10-2 | | 10-8 | 15-2 | 20-2 | 20-5 |
| D.C. Colls | Code no. | 10-3 | | | 15-3 | 20-3 | |
| | | 10-4 | | | 15-4 | | |
| | | 10-5 | | | | | |
| 220 V DC 20 W, standard with terminal box | 018F6851 | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| 100 V DC 18 W, special with terminal box with DIN plugs | 018F6780 | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| 230 V DC 18 W, special | 018F6781 ⁽¹⁾ | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| with terminal box with DIN plugs | 018F6991 ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | |
| 230 V DC 18 W, special | 018F6288 ⁽¹⁾ | | + | + | + | + | + |
| with 2.5 m cable with 4.0 m cable with 8.0 m cable | 018F6278 ⁽¹⁾ | · | | | | | |
| | 018F6279 ⁽¹⁾ | | | | | | |



Table 24: Coils for AKVA valves

| lable 24: Colls for ARVA valves | | 01/2/0 | 01/3/0 | 01/0/0 | 01/0/0 | 01/2/0 | A 1/3/A |
|---|----------------------|--------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------|---------|
| A.C. coils | Code no. | AKVA | AKVA 10-6 | AKVA 10-7 | AKVA 15-1 | AKVA | AKVA |
| | | 10-1 | 10-6 | | | 20-1 | 20-4 |
| | | 10-2 | | 10-8 | 15-2 | 20-2 | 20-5 |
| | | 10-3 | | | 15-3 | 20-3 | |
| | | 10-4 | | | 15-4 | | |
| | | 10-5 | | | | | |
| 240 V AC 10 W, 50 Hz with terminal box with DIN plugs | 018F6702 018F6177 | + | + | - | + | - | - |
| 240 V AC 10 W, 60 Hz with terminal box with DIN plugs | 018F6713 | + | + | - | + | - | - |
| 240 V a.c. 12 W, 50 Hz with terminal box | 018F6802 | + | + | + | + | + | - |
| 220 V AC 10 W, 50 Hz with terminal box with DIN plugs | 018F6701 018F6176 | + | + | - | + | - | - |
| 220 V a.c. 10 W, 60 Hz with terminal box with DIN plugs | 018F6714 018F6189 | + | + | - | + | - | - |
| 220 V AC 12 W, 50 Hz with terminal box | 018F6801 | + | + | - | + | + | - |
| 220 V a.c. 12 W, 60 Hz with terminal box | 018F6814 | + | + | - | + | + | - |
| 115 V AC 10 W, 50 Hz with terminal box with DIN plugs | 018F6711 018F6186 | + | + | - | + | - | - |
| 115 V AC 10 W, 60 Hz with terminal box with DIN plugs | 018F6710 018F6185 | + | + | - | + | - | - |
| 110 V a.c. 12 W, 50 Hz with terminal box | 018F6811 | + | + | - | + | + | - |
| 110 V a.c. 12 W, 60 Hz with terminal box | 018F6813 | + | + | - | + | + | - |
| 24 V AC 10 W, 50 Hz with terminal box with DIN plugs | 018F6707 018F6182 | + | - | - | + | - | - |
| 24 V AC 10 W, 60 Hz with terminal box with DIN plugs | 018F6715 | + | - | - | + | - | - |
| 24 V AC 12 W, 50 Hz with terminal box | 018F6807 | + | - | - | + | + | + |
| 24 V AC 12 W, 60 Hz with terminal box | 018F6815 | + | - | - | + | + | + |
| 24 V AC 20 W, 50 Hz with terminal box | 018F6901 | + | + | + | + | + | + |
| 24 V AC 20 W, 60 Hz with terminal box | 018F6902 | + | + | + | + | + | + |

⁽¹⁾ Recommended for commercial refrigeration plant



Certificates, declarations, and approvals

The list contains all certificates, declarations, and approvals for this product type. Individual code number may have some or all of these approvals, and certain local approvals may not appear on the list.

Some approvals may change over time. You can check the most current status at danfoss.com or contact your local Danfoss representative if you have any questions.

Table 25: Valid approvals

| Туре | File name | Document type | Document topic | Approval authority |
|------|--|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| AKVA | MH7648 | Electrical - Safety Certificate | UL | |
| | MD 033F0686.AH | Manufacturers Declaration | PED | Kolding - Denmark |
| | MD 033F0691.AE | Manufacturers Declaration | RoHS | Kolding - Denmark |
| | RU Д-DK.БЛ08.В.00189_18 | EAC Declaration | EMC | Kolding - Denmark |
| | RU Д-DK.БЛ08.В.00191_18 | EAC Declaration | Machinery & Equipment | Kolding - Denmark |
| | RU Д-DK.PA01.B.72054_20 | EAC Declaration | PED | Kolding - Denmark |
| | 033F0474.AC | Manufacturers Declaration | ATEX | Kolding - Denmark |
| | RMRS 19.10034.262 | Marine - Safety Certificate | | Kolding - Denmark |
| | TSSA CRN 0C22766.5267890YTN | Pressure - Safety Certificate | CRN | Kolding - Denmark |
| | TUV 0045 202 1204 Z 00354 19 D 001(00) | Pressure - Safety Certificate | | Kolding - Denmark |
| | UL MH7648 | Electrical - Safety Certificate | | Kolding - Denmark |

Approvals

- DEMKO, Denmark SETI, Finland SEV, Switzerland
- AKVA 20 are CE marked according to pressure Equipment Directive 97/23
- c NusUL listed to UB.S.og Canadian standards (separatecode.nos.)



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